When Do Children and Teens Need Vaccinations?

When be children and reens need vaccinations:										
Age	Hep B Hepatitis B	DTaP Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis	Hib Haemophilus influenzae type b	Polio	PCV Pneumococcal Conjugate	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Rotavirus	Varicella Chickenpox	HPV	Influenza
Birth	√ 1									
1 month										
2 months	√ 2	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
4 months		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
6 months	✓ 3	✓	√ 4	·	✓		✓	·		✓
12-18 months		√ (15-18 Mos)	√ (15-18 Mos)		✓ (15-18 Mos)	√ (15-18 Mos)				(6-23 mos) (given for each influenza season; first time vaccineesshould receive 2 doses spaced 1 mo apart)
19-47 months		Catch-up ⁵	Catch-up ⁵ (to 5 years)	Catch- up ⁵	Catch-up ⁵	Catch-up ⁵		Catch-up		
4-6 years		✓	(1.5)	✓		✓				
11-12 years	Catch-up ⁵	✓ (Td only)		Catch-					Girls (9-18)	
13-18 years		Catch-up ⁵		up ⁵		Catch-up ⁵		(unvaccinated children at this age need 2 doses)	3 doses	

Children 2 years of age and older may need additional vaccines, such as hepatitis A, pneumococcal polysaccharide, meningococcal, or influenza. Talk to your health care provider.

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¹ All infants should be vaccinated prior to hospital discharge.
² Infants who receive hepatitis B vaccine at birth may receive up to 4 doses.

 $^{^{3}\,\}mathrm{If}$ the infant's mother is HBsAg-positive, a minimum of 3 doses of hepatitis B vaccine

should be given by 6 months of age.

A dose of Hib vaccine at 6 months of age is not needed if either PedvaxHib or Comvax was used for doses #1 and #2.

 $^{^{5}\,\}mathrm{Vaccinations}$ that have been delayed or missed entirely should be given as soon as possible, including throughout the "catch-up" period.